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5	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON			
6	FUR THE EASTERN DISTRIC.	I OF WASHINGTON		
7	DADIENE KADII a single person and	,		
8	DARLENE KARU, a single person, and other similarly situated,)) NO. 11-0111-TOR		
9	other similarly steamen,)		
	Plaintiffs,) PLAINTIFF'S 2nd AMENDED		
10	vs.) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL RIGHTS) DAMAGES		
11	THE CITY OF SPOKANE, DETECTIVE) DAMAGES		
12	KEVIN LANGFORD, LT. DAVID W.) with Demand for Jury Trial		
	RICHARDS,)		
13	Defendants.	<i>)</i>)		
14		,		
15	INTRODUCTION			
16	This action seeks monetary damages against Defendant CITY OF			
17	SPOKANE and several of its employees for	violations of the Plaintiff's		
18	Si Old five and several of its employees for	violations of the Fiantiff 5		
10	civil rights guaranteed under the Fourteenth Amendment pursuant to 28			
19	H. C. C. a. a. 1000 TI			
20	U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988. The specific dep	rivation occurred when the		
21	Defendant's sent a forfeiture notice to Plaintiff that she had 45 days from			
22	seizure to present their claims of ownership. The correct deadline is 45			
23	days from receipt of the notice of forfeiture. Plaintiff's timely claim was			
24	rejected by the Defendants in a notice that did not comply with			

1	Washington State's procedures for final actions in administrative		
2	decisions.		
3	I. PARTIES		
4	1.1 Plaintiff DARLENE KARU, is a resident of Spokane County,		
5 6	within the Eastern District of Washington. She is a real party in interest in		
7	this case.		
8	1.2 Defendant CITY OF SPOKANE, is a municipality within the		
9	State of Washington whose policies resulted in Plaintiff's deprivation of her		
10	property rights.		
12	1.3 Detective KEVIN LANGFORD, is believed to be a resident of		
13	Spokane County, and at all times material to this litigation has been		
14	employed by the City of Spokane. Defendant Langford is sued in his		
15	personal capacity.		
16 17	1.4 Lt. DAVID RICHARDS, is believed to be a resident of		
18	Spokane County, and at all times material to this litigation has been		
19	employed by the City of Spokane. Defendant Richards is sued in his		
20	personal capacity.		
21	II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE		
22	2.1 All acts complained of occurred in the Eastern District of		
24	Washington.		

1	2.2	Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the
2	Eastern District of Washington.	
3	2.3	Jurisdiction is proper in the United States District Court
4	pursuant to	Title 42, United States Code § 1988; Title 28 USC § 1331; and
5	28 USC § 1343.	
6		
7	2.4	This court has personal and subject matter jurisdiction.
8	2.5	No answer has been filed in this matter.
9		
10		III. FACTS
10	2.1	
11	3.1	On or about October 29, 2010, the Spokane Police Department
12	seized from	Darlene Karu's home, among other items, \$5030.00 in cash.
13	3.2	On November 8, 2010, the Spokane Police Department sent by
14	.: 6. 1	'I (OL)' CO' NA DI' ('COD I IZ TILDI'
15	certified mail a "Notice of Seizure" to Plaintiff Darlene Karu. The Notice	
16	listed items that had been seized on October 29, 2010, and stated that these	
17	items had b	een seized pursuant to RCW 69.50.505.
18	3.3	RCW 69.50.505(5), as amended in Laws, 2009, ch. 364, § 1,
19		
20	states that:	
21		If any person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in
22		writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to posses-
23		sion * * * within forty-five days of the service of notice from the
24		

1	seizing agency * * * the person or persons shall be afforded a	
2	reasonable opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right.	
3	[Emphasis supplied].	
4	3.4 Nevertheless, the November, 2010, "Notice of Seizure" sent to	
5	Plaintiff Karu on behalf of the Chief of Police, stated that	
6	All persons claiming any ownership or right to possession of	
7	An persons claiming any ownership of right to possession of	
8	said item/s as described above must on or before the expiration	
9	of 45 days from date of seizure, notify Lt. Richards, 1100 West	
10	Mallon Spokane, Washington 99260, in writing of their claim	
11	or right.	
12	or right.	
13	[Emphasis supplied].	
14	3.5 On December 8, 2010, Plaintiff Karu retained counsel to assist	
15	her in presenting a notice of claim to the proper seizing authority for the	
16	return of her \$5030.00.	
17	return of her \$3030.00.	
18	3.6 On December 15, 2010, counsel timely mailed a "Notice of	
19	Claim", pursuant to the time limit set forth in RCW 69.50.505(5), stating	
20	that Ms. Karu had a property interest in the seized \$5030.00.	
21		
22	3.7 The City of Spokane received the "Notice of Claim" within 45	
23	days from the date of the service of the "Notice of Seizure" as specified in	
24	RCW 69.50.505(5), as amended in Laws 2009, ch. 364, § 1.	

- 3.8 On December 21, 2010, the Spokane Police Department replied to Plaintiff Karu's "Notice of Claim" by sending a letter to her counsel with a copy of this notice sent to the City Attorney's office.
- 3.9 In Defendant Richards's reply, he stated that he had received Ms. Karu's "Notice of Claim" on December 16, 2010.
- 3.10 Defendant Richards stated in his reply that he previously had spoken with Plaintiff Karu and had given her "the information necessary for her to file a claim and the time limits that she had to be concerned with." It is believed that Richards affirmatively provided the wrong time limits when he communicated with Karu. It is believed and alleged that Richards similarly mis-informed others similarly situated with Karu and had, in fact, sent out hundreds of incorrect notices in the previous 18 months.
- 3.11 Defendant Richards further stated in his December 21, 2010 reply that:

RCW 69.50.505 states that any claim of ownership must take place on or before the expiration of 45 days *from the date of seizure*. [Emphasis supplied]. The 45-day claim requirement in her case occurred on December 13, 2010. Therefore her claim was not timely as set forth by state law and the property is forfeited to the Spokane Police Department.

The December 21, 2010, denial of Ms. Karu's claim did not state that there was any review or appeal process for Ms. Karu.

- 3.12 Neither the City Attorney nor Det. Langford corrected Lt. Richards's faulty notice, and neither corrected Richards's denial of her request for hearing, thereby allowing Lt. Richards to deny Plaintiff Karu's right to be heard.
- 3.13 Upon information and belief, and at all times material to this suit, it has been the City of Spokane's policy and practice that property seized pursuant to RCW 69.50.505 is forfeited if a claim of ownership is not made on or before the expiration of 45 days from the date of the property's *seizure*.
- 3.14 Ninety days have passed since the date that Plaintiff Karu timely served her claim. The City of Spokane, as the municipality in charge of the seizing agency, did not commence a hearing, nor given Plaintiff Karu any notice of her opportunity to be heard, notwithstanding her timely demand for a hearing.
- 3.15 Defendants' deprivation of Plaintiff Karu's right to be heard directly caused her to suffer economic losses including the value of the improperly forfeited property, as well as consequential losses incurred due to the Defendants' unlawful deprivation.

- 3.16 Defendants' unlawful deprivation of Plaintiff Karu's property rights and her right to be heard directly caused her anxiety and humiliation.
- 3.17 On June 27, 2011, counsel for Plaintiff reviewed several hundred forfeiture notices sent by the City of Spokane in which each notice incorrectly advised the property owner that they had 45 days from the date of seizure to file a claim.
- 3.18 Presented with the fact of its error in Ms. Karu's case, the City nevertheless contends that it has no legal duty to return the funds claimed by Ms. Karu. The City persists in withholding the funds and has sought to bring the forfeiture before the City's Administrative Hearing Officer more than 90 days following the letter denying Ms. Karu a hearing.
- 3.19 The City's 20-month misuse of an incorrect deadline in its notices of intent to forfeit seized property is neither "random" nor "unauthorized."
- 3.20 The City's 20-month misuse of an incorrect deadline in its notice of intent to forfeit seized property was an established procedure and was done pursuant to City policy, custom, and practice.
- 3.21 By statute, the City retains a portion of the value of any items seized by its officers and, consequently, it benefits financially from giving

potential claimants misleading information regarding their rights to return of their property. 2 3 IV. FEDERAL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF Violations of Title 42, United States Code § 1983 & 1985(3) 4 As set forth in Paragraphs 1.1 through 1.4 and 3.1 through 3.21 4.1 5 6 above, Defendants' conduct constitutes deprivation of federally protected rights under color of law, i.e., Plaintiff Karu's due process right to notice and 8 a hearing on the proposed forfeiture of their property under RCW 69.50.050. V. DEMAND FOR JURY and 10 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 11 Plaintiff respectfully demands a jury trial on all issues and that 12 Plaintiffs be granted the following relief: 13 14 5.1 Award economic and non-economic damages against all 15 Defendants in an amount to be proven at trial based upon the value of 16 property seized and improperly forfeited by Defendants, and, against the 17 Defendants in their individual capacities, such exemplary or punitive 18 19 damages as provided by law; 20 5.2 Prejudgment and post-judgment interest as allowed by law; 21 5.3 Plaintiff's reasonable attorneys fees and costs, pursuant to 42 22 USC § 1988, or as otherwise provided by law; and 23 24

1	5.4 For such other and further relief as the court deems just and
2	equitable.
3	DATED this 18th day of April, 2012.
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5	Law Offices of JEFFRY K FINER
6	s/Jeffry K. Finer
7	JEFFRY K. FINER
8	WSBA No. 14610 Attorney for Plaintiff
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